## Future Network Management and Services: the TMN view

## **Prof. George Pavlou**

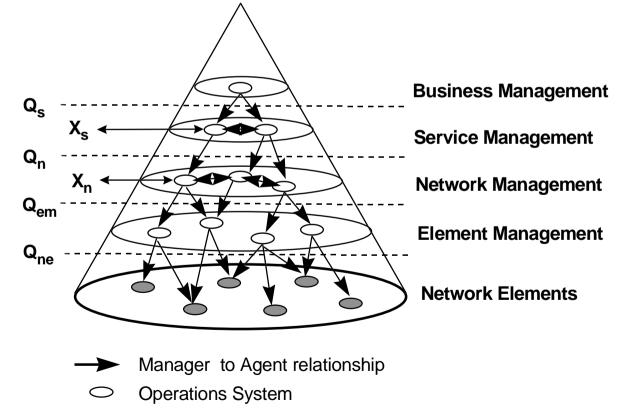
Centre for Communication Systems Research University of Surrey, UK



IS&N '98

## **The Telecommunications Management Network**

- Hierarchical distributed management, O-O info model
- Only inter-layer and intra-TMN interfaces standardised





Network Element

 $\bigcirc$ 

IS&N '98

- OSI-SM has been chosen as the base technology for the TMN
- Advantages:
  - sophisticated multiple object access mechanisms
  - powerful event-based operation
  - global naming scheme based on containment
  - scales relatively well
- Drawbacks:
  - OSI underlying protocols used
  - Software platforms exhibit different O-O APIs



- Whole OSs the only distributable entities
- Security not yet implemented

- Being implemented in SDH/SONET, GSM, PSTN and ATM NEs
- TMN-compliant EM-OSs have also started to appear
- Not yet well-defined <u>network</u> information model
- Service management not yet well addressed
- Service control for bearer and enhanced services is orthogonal to TMN



a "Management-specific" framework

- CORBA is the first distributed object technology that satisfies key TMN requirements
- CMIS-like scoping can be provided, native filtering more difficult, event model less powerful at present
- Better distribution aspects, better performance, easy to program, general purpose technology (unlike OSI-SM)
- The JIDM work goes a long way towards providing OSI-SM-like facilities over CORBA



Relevant solution is taking a long time while TMN NEs and EM-OSs are being built with OSI-SM

- The TMN is much more than OSI-SM initiative within the ITU-T SG-4 to de-couple TMN from OSI-SM (*TMN2000*)
- The ISO/ITU-T ODMA work considers OSI-SM in ODP terms and considers mappings to both CMIS/P and CORBA
- NEs, EM-OSs and possibly NM-OSs will be based on OSI-SM in the medium term
- Service management will be most likely based on CORBA
- CORBA (and Java-RMI) potential future TMN technologies, mobile agents will also become important



- TMN used for IN-management in CS-2 services
- TINA a potential unifying long-term framework
- TMN principles are used in TINA but OAM&P network management aspects have not yet been worked out
- TMN and TINA solutions will have to co-exist the use of CORBA in TMN will facilitate this co-existence
- The target unified telecom software architecture is still undefined and fragmented:



B-ISDN signalling, IN, UMTS, TMN, TINA